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Screening / Randomisation						
Participant details						
Participant initials	XXX	O Unknown at this time				
Date of birth	dd-MMM-yyyy	Unknown at this time,presumed to be over 18				
Sex at birth	○ Female					
Date and time of Return of Spontaneous Circulation (ROSC)	dd-MMM-yyyy	:				



Eligibility criter	ia					
Arrest location		Out-of-hospital	○ In-hospital			
Cause of arrest	Cardiac STEMI NSTEMI/ACS Arrhythmia (non-ischemic VT/VF) Heart failure Other cardiac	Non-cardiac Hypoxia Pulmonary embolism Overdose Asphyxia/strangulation Other medical cause	Trauma/BleedingIntracranialbleed			
Patient unconscious		○ Yes	○ No			
Patient eligible for intensive care without restrictions or limitations		○ Yes	○ No			
Patient on ECMO		○ No	○ Yes			
Patient pregnant		○ No	○ Yes			
Patient previously randomized in the STEPCARE trial		○ No	○ Yes			
the patient does n	ot meet the eligibility	n with <mark>red shading</mark> are checker oriteria of the STEPCARE tria				
Perceived prog	nosis - for researd	ch purposes				
Do you (physician randomising or physician in-charge) think this patient will have a good neurological outcome in 6 months? Yes - I, the physician randomising or physician in-charge, think this patient will have a good neurological outcome in 6 months No - I, the physician randomising or physician in-charge, do not think this patient will have a good neurological outcome in 6 months I am not a physician and the physician in charge is not available to answer this						
question rig	•	ysician in charge is not availe	adio to allower tillo			



Consent Consent obtained or HREC / IRB approval obtained to use data for this patient ○ Yes ○ No Patient died before consent could be obtained; permission to use data obtained from HREC/IRB Date of consent or HREC / IRB approval Patient consent to continue Date of patient consent to continue obtained O Person responsible consent to continue Date of person responsible consent to continue obtained Patient consent to continue following person responsible Date of patient consent to continue following person responsible obtained Key baseline ○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown Witnessed arrest ○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown **Bystander CPR** ○ Yes ○ No Shockable rhythm If shockable: Type? If non-shockable: Type? Ventricular fibrillation (VF) Pulseless electrical activity (PEA) Ventricular tachycardia (VT) ○ Asystole ROSC after bystander defibrillation Unknown non-shockable rhythm Unknown shockable rhythm



Changing rhythms (Any 2 of VF/PEA/Asystole - if unknown select No) ○ Yes ○ No Not recorded First pH Adrenaline given ○ Yes ○ No ○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown Pupillary reflexes present bilaterally Baseline Pre-hospital data Date and time of cardiac arrest Scene of cardiac arrest O Home: Patient's own apartment or house, backyard of a home ○ Work: Place of employment O Public space: The street, park, shopping centre, airport, church, gym, stadium Nursing facility: Long-term care home, rehabilitation facility Ambulance Other: Location not applicable to other categories Date and time of initiation of advanced life support (ALS) Was there chest pain or discomfort prior to the arrest ○ Yes ○ No ○ Unknown



Background								
Weight on admission Not done								
Height on admission Not done								
Estimated pre-Arrest Functional Status Dependent in basic activities of daily life Independent in basic activities of daily life No applicable option								
Previous diagnoses or treatments								
Previous percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI)	○ Yes ○ No							
Previous coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG)	\bigcirc Yes \bigcirc No							
Previous known heart failure with pharmacological treatment	○ Yes ○ No							
Previous implantable cardioverter defibrillator (ICD)	○ Yes ○ No							
Previous hypertension with pharmacologic treatment	○ Yes ○ No							
Previous stroke or transitory ischemic attack	○ Yes ○ No							
Previous COPD (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease)	○ Yes ○ No							
Previous diabetes mellitus	○ Yes ○ No							
Previous Kidney Disease (CKD4, eGFR<30)	○ Yes ○ No							



Data at ICU admission - first recorded values

Please enter the first recorded data point from the emergency room after ROSC. If data from the emergency room is unavailable, use the first available data point from the cath lab, theatre or ICU.

ICU admission	dd-MMM-yyyy :
First temperature on admission to hospital	○ Temp - not done
Motor response: Makes sign (thumbs up,fist, peace) Localising to pain Flexion response to pain Extension response to pain No response to pain Not assessed	
Corneal reflexes	○ Present bilaterally ○ Not assessed
Pupillary reflexes	OPresent bilaterally ONot assessed
Physiology and investigations	
STEMI? Yes No No ECG If not STEMI - other ECG changes suspicio	us for acute ischemia?
 T-wave inversions ST-segment depression New or presumed new LBBB New or presumed new RBBB None of the above 	



ECG rhythm Sinus	
Atrial fibrillation or flutterOther	
First available creatinine at admission µmol/L mg/dL	O Not done
Highest outpatient (not in hospital) creatinin measured during the previous 6 months before this cardiac arrest µmol/L mg/dL	e Not done
First available troponin	○ Troponin T○ Not done
∩ ng/L∩ ng/mL	
Shock on admission to the ICU \bigcirc Yes \bigcirc	No
If yes - severity of shock (SCAI class): Beginning - Hemodynamic instability Classic - Clinical evidence of hypope support) Deteriorating - Worsening shock, des Extremis - Refractory shock with imp	rfusion (needs vasopressor or mechanical spite escalade therapy
Echocardiography performed during first 24	h 🔾 Yes 🔾 No
If yes - Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction ○ Normal (>55%) ○ Mildly reduced (40-54%) ○ Moderately reduced (30-40%) ○ Severely reduced (<30%)	If yes - other pathology Severe aortic stenosis Severe mitral regurgitation Severe tricuspid regurgitation Regional wall motion abnormality None
If yes - Depressed Right Ventricular Function	on 🔾 Yes 🔾 No



Hourly observations

Enter the data for each time, or where data are not available, enter data from the closest time where they were available (if there are no new data since the prior time point, leave the field blank). Hours are numbered relative to hour 0 (e.g. the hour of randomisation).

Core measurements, RASS and drugs - hours 0 through 24

End of hour:	0	2	4	6	8	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
Core temp. (°C)												
MAP (mmHg)												
Systolic BP (mmHg)												
Diastolic BP (mmHg)												
Heart rate (bpm)												
RASS Score (-5 - +4)												
Propofol dose (mg/kg/min or ml/h)*												
Dexmedetomidine dose (ug/kg/h)												
Midazolam infusion (Y/N)												
Dobutamine infusion (Y/N)												
Adrenaline infusion (Y/N)												
Patient responds to commands (Y/N)												

Black cells indicate data not sampled at this specific time point - leave blank. *For ml/h, convert to a propofol concentration of 10 mg/ml (1%).



Core measurements, RASS and drugs - hours 28 through 120

End of hour:	28	32	36	40	48	56	72	96	120
Core temp. (°C)									
MAP (mmHg)									
Systolic BP (mmHg)									
Diastolic BP (mmHg)									
Heart rate (bpm)									
RASS Score (-5 - +4)									
Propofol dose (mg/kg/min or ml/h)*									
Dexmedetomidine dose (ug/kg/h)									
Midazolam infusion (Y/N)									
Dobutamine infusion (Y/N)									
Adrenaline infusion (Y/N)									
Patient responds to commands (Y/N)									

Black cells indicate data not sampled at this specific time point - leave blank. *For ml/h, convert to a propofol concentration of 10 mg/ml (1%).



Ventilation and neurology - hours 0 through 120

End of hour:	0	12	24	48	72	96	120
Mechanically ventilated (Y/N)							
Respiratory rate							
Fi02							
Sa02							
Pa02							
PaCO2							
рН							
Lactate							
Creatinine							
PEEP							
Tidal volume							
Ventilation mode (<u>P</u> ressure <u>C</u> ontrol / <u>V</u> olume <u>C</u> ontrol / <u>N</u> ot <u>V</u> entilated or extubated)							
FOUR-score motor (0-4)							
Corneal reflexes present (Y/N)							
Pupillary reflexes present (Y/N)							
Any tonic-clonic seizure since the last time point (Y/N)							
Any status myoclonus since the last time point (Y/N)							
ICU mobility score (0-10)							
Delirium present (assessed by CAM-ICU or ICDSC)							



Neuroprognostication						
Continuous or simplified EEG monitoring						
Was a continuous EEG monitoring performed during the ICU stay? Yes No If yes: Was a highly malignant pattern registered on cEEG after more than 24 h post-arrest? Not assessed Burst-suppression (with or without superimposed discharges) Suppression (with or without superimposed discharges) No						
If yes: Was the cEEG reactive to external stimuli						
If yes: How many hours after rando normalised to a continuous or near Never achieved a continuous bacterial Unknown	r continuous background?	d				
Brain CT						
Record while in this hospital admis	ssion.					
Was a brain CT performed during th	ne hospital stay? O Yes O No					
Date and time when first brain CT performed	dd-MMM-yyyy	:				
First CT with signs of diffuse and e of a poor outcome	extensive brain injury indicative	○ Yes ○ No				
First CT with bleeding		○ Yes ○ No				



Please specify what type of bleed	ing was seen on first CT:	
Was a second brain CT performed	during the hospital stay? 🔾 Y	∕es ○ No
Date and time when second brain		
CT performed	dd-MMM-yyyy	:
Second CT with signs of diffuse a indicative of a poor outcome	nd extensive brain injury	○ Yes ○ No
·		
Second CT with bleeding		○ Yes ○ No
Please specify what type of bleed	ing was seen on second CT:	
Was a third brain CT performed du	ring the hospital stay? O Yes	s O No
Date and time when third		
brain CT performed	dd-MMM-yyyy	:
Third CT with signs of diffuse and indicative of a poor outcome	extensive brain injury	○ Yes ○ No
Third CT with bleeding		○ Yes ○ No



Please specify what type of bleedi	ing was seen on third CT:	
Brain MRI		
Was a brain MRI performed during	the ICU stay? O Yes O No	
Date and time when first brain MRI performed	dd-MMM-yyyy	:
First MRI with signs of diffuse and indicative of a poor outcome	d extensive hypoxic brain injury	Yes O No
Was a second brain MRI performed	d during the ICU stay? O Yes O No	o
Date and time when second brain MRI performed	dd-MMM-yyyy	:
Second MRI with signs of diffuse a indicative of a poor outcome	and extensive hypoxic brain injury (○ Yes ○ No
Somatosensory Evoked Pote	ential (SSEP)	
Was SSEP performed during the IC	CU stay? ○ Yes ○ No	
Date and time when SSEP performed	ЛМ-уууу	:
N20 notentials absent hilaterally	○ Yes ○ No ○ Not assessable	



N20 amplitude left hemisphere		Not assessed
N20 amplitude right hemisphere		O Not assessed
Was a second SSEP performed during the ICU s	tay? O Yes O No	
Date and time when second SSEP performed dd-MMM-yyyy	′	:
N20 potentials absent bilaterally	○ No ○ Not asses	sable
N20 amplitude left hemisphere) Not assessed
N20 amplitude right hemisphere) Not assessed
Neuron-Specific Enolase (NSE) measure	ement	
Was NSE measured? ○ Yes ○ No		
Was NSE above 60 ng/ml (or above locally esta h and/or 72 h	blished cutoffs for po	or outcome) at 48
NSE concentration 24 h post-arrest		O N/A
NSE concentration 48 h post-arrest		○ N/A
NSE concentration 72 h post-arrest		○ N/A



Neurofilament light (NFL) measure	ement
Was NFL measured? Yes No	
Was NFL above locally established cutoffs	s for poor outcome? O Yes O No
NFL concentration 24 h post-arrest	○ N/A
NFL concentration 48 h post-arrest	○ N/A
NFL concentration 72 h post-arrest	○ N/A
Neuroprognostication	
Was a neurological prognostication perform	rmed? O Yes O No
Date and time when prognostication was performed according to protocol	dd-MMM-yyyy :
Confounding factors such as severe met and lingering sedation has been ruled ou	_
When was the last given dose of a sedat O No sedative giver	tive agent prior to prognostication? n during the ICU stay
FOUR Motor response at the timepoint of Make sign (thumbs up, fist, peace) Localising to pain Flexion response to pain Extension response to pain No response to pain or generalised st Not assessed	



Corneal reflexes bilaterally absent at the timepoint of prognostication
○ Yes○ No
○ Not assessed
Pupillary reflexes bilaterally absent at the timepoint of prognostication
○ Yes
○ No
○ Not assessed
Status myoclonus <72 h post arrest
Absent
○ Present
○ Not assessed
Interventions
Coronary angiogram
octonary anglogiam
Coronary angiography performed? Yes No
Date and time coronary
angiography performed dd-MMM-yyyy :
Results of coronary
angiography
1-vessel disease
○ 2-vessel disease
○ 3-vessel disease



Coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG) performed
Coronary artery bypass grafting (CABG) performed? Yes No
Date and time when CABG was performed :
Implantable defibrillator (ICD)
Patient received an ICD before leaving hospital Yes No
Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (LVEF)
LVEF assessment performed by echocardiography Yes No N/A
Last in-hospital measurement Normal or hyperdynamic (>50%) Mildly reduced (40-50%) Moderately reduced (30-40%) Severely reduced (<30%)
Cardiac troponin
Was cardiac troponin measured during this hospital admission? O Yes No
Date and time of highest cardiac troponin measurement :
Highest cardiac troponin value measured: Troponin T Troponin I



Mechanical Cardiac Support
Was mechanical cardiac support used? ○ Yes ○ No
Was an IABP used? ○ Yes ○ No
dd-MMM-yyyy Date IABP used
Was a PVAD (Impella) used? ○ Yes ○ No
dd-MMM-yyyy Date PVAD (Impella) used
Was VA-ECMO used? ○ Yes ○ No
dd-MMM-yyyy Date VA-ECMO used
Was an LVAD placed? ○ Yes ○ No
dd-MMM-yyyy Date LVAD placed
Renal Outcomes - during ICU stay
Highest creatinine during this ICU stay
Did the patient receive RRT during this hospital stay?
Last measured creatinine when discharged from this primary hospital
Was the patient still on dialysis when discharged from hospital? Yes No



TTM Device in the ICU
Was a device used for temperature management? ○ Yes ○ No
What kind of device? Surface Intravascular
Which date and time dd-MMM-yyyy :
Why was it started? Yes - according to protocol, the temperature was >37.8°C Yes - because of a very high temperature and severely deranged physiology Yes - clinical team error (not according to protocol)
Mean Arterial Pressure Goal
MAP-target changed or abandoned before extubation or 72h? Yes No
f yes - was a lower or higher target used? Lower Higher
f lower - why was a lower target used? Escalation of vasoactive treatment not achieving a higher MAP Cardiac reasons Evaluation for total brain infarction/brain death Major surgery Intracranial bleeding Bleeding (extracranial) Error (clinical team forgot) Other reason
Sedation strategy
Did the patient receive continuous sedation for the ENTIRE 36 hours post randomisation?



If yes - why was continuou The patient was allocated the continuous of the patient was allocated the continuous of the	us sedation started? ated to early awakening but needed sedation to faci	litate
•	cardiorespiratory instability or agitation)	
` ` `	ated to early awakening but needed sedation to con	trol
seizures or myoclonus		
The patient was allocated	ated to 36 hours of sedation	
If no - why wasn't continue		
	ated to early awakening and sedation was ceased a	s per
protocol	ata data 20 harras ef an dation but an dation was	
•	ated to 36 hours of sedation but sedation was ceas	
	sment for brain death or because the patient had di ated to 36 hours of sedation but was woken before	
(complete a protocol devi		30 Hours
(complete a protector dovi		
Discharge		
ICU discharge		
Too Greenange		
Date and time of last	dd-MMM-yyyy	
extubation	dd William yyyy	
Did the patient wake up d	during their ICU stay Yes No	
Estimated date and time		
awake and obeying verba	dd-MMM-yyyy	:
commands		
Did the patient receive an	ny anti-seizure medication (except sedation such as P	ropofol)
during the ICU stay? Yes		
Yes, patient with pre-e	existing epilepsy	
○ No		
○ Unknown		



Date and time of ICU discharge Patient discharged to: Dead Other ICU Coronary care unit Neurological ward	dd-MMM-yyyy	:
ICU readmission		
Was the patient readmitted ICU readmission R1	to the ICU? Yes No	· ·
Withdrawal of life-susta	aining therapies (WLST)	
Was active intensive care w Specify reasons for withdray Presumed severe brain in the companies of the com	wal of active intensive care injury secondary to cardiac arrest	:
Terminal medical comorlOther	bidity	
Date and time when WLST decision was made	dd-MMM-yyyy	· ·



Hospital discharge		
Date of discharge	dd-MMM-yyyy	:
Patient discharged to: Dead		
Home		
Rehabilitation facility	/	
Nursing home	•	
Other hospital (ward)	
Other ICU		



Initial cardiac arrest

Based on the available information, what was the most probable cause of the initial cardiac arrest? (select one)

Cardiac
○ Acute coronary syndrome - STEMI
○ Acute coronary syndrome - NSTEMI
Arrhythmia - due to cardiomyopathy
Arrhythmia -due to primary heart rhythm abnormalities (Brugada, long-QT)
O Heart failure
Hypertrophic obstructive cardiomyopathy
○ Congenital heart disease
○ Myocarditis
○ Brady-arrhythmia
Oldiopathic ventricular tachycardia
Oldiopathic ventricular fibrillation
Other cardiac issues
Other medical
O Pulmonary embolism
Anaphylaxis
Electrolyte disorder
Hypoxia
Hypoglycaemia
Sepsis
Other medical cause
Fortament.
External Trauma
Overdose
O OVOI GOSC
Other
○ Non-cardiac and non-medical



Complications
Infectious Complications in the ICU
Did the patient develop sepsis? ○ No ○ Sepsis ○ Septic shock
Probable source of sepsis
O Pulmonary
Urinary tract
○ Abdominal
○ Soft tissue
Central Nervous System
Other or Unknown
Did the patient develop pneumonia? ○ Yes ○ No
Did pneumonia occur after 48h or more of ICU care (VAP)?
Arrhythmic Complications in the ICU
Did the patient have a recurrent cardiac arrest (defibrillation or chest compressions)? Yes \int No
If yes:
O Ventricular fibrillation (VF) or Pulseless Ventricular Tachycardia (VT)
PEA (or severe hypotension or bradycardia requiring chest compressions)Asystole
Other arrhythmia requiring cardioversion, an anti-arrhythmic drug, or temporary pacing? Yes No
If yes:
○ Ventricular tachycardia
Atrial fluttor
Atrial flutter Catania atrial technologia
Ectopic atrial tachycardiaBradycardia



Venous thromboembolism in the ICU **Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT) or Pulmonary Embolism in the ICU?** O Yes O No If yes: O Pulmonary embolism O Deep Vein Thrombosis Ocooling-catheter related thrombus Ischemic complication Mesenteric ischemia ○ Yes ○ No Limb ischemia ○ Yes ○ No **Digital necrosis** ○ Yes ○ No Sedation complications **Unplanned extubation** ○ Yes ○ No Unplanned intubation during the hospital stay ○ Yes ○ No Antipsychotics given during ICU stay ○ Yes ○ No If yes: Olanzapine used O Quetiapine used Haloperiodol used Other antipsychotic used



Biobank						
Biobank sample collection	ı					
Blood samples collected for th	is particip	ant	○ Yes () No		
Kit ID			(####	###-SC-VAR): (8 digits)		
Sample collected at:		12 hours		24 hours	48 hours	72 hours

Sample collected at:	12 hours	24 hours	48 hours	72 hours
Sampling date	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy
Sampling time	HH:MM	HH:MM	HH:MM	HH:MM
Date plasma placed in freezer	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy
Time plasma placed in freezer	HH:MM	HH:MM	HH:MM	HH:MM
Date serum placed in freezer	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy	dd-MMM-yyyy
Time serum placed in freezer	HH:MM	HH:MM	HH:MM	HH:MM
Date EDTA/PAX-tube placed in freezer*	dd-MMM-yyyy		dd-MMM-yyyy	
Time EDTA/PAX-tube placed in freezer*	HH:MM		HH:MM	

Black cells: No sample at this time point - leave blank. *EDTA at 12 hours, PAXgene RNA-tube at 48 hours.



_	_	_			
Samp		in	a	40 CC	_
291110	125	1111	SIO	IAPE	-
Carrip			000	, ub,	_

If the collected samples will not be scanned, please fill out this matrix:

	Box:	Tube allocation - check all that were used for each sampling timepoint, respectively						
12h plasma		○ AII	O1	O2	O3	O4	○ N/A	
12h serum		○ AII	O1	O 02	O3	0 4	○ N/A	
12h EDTA								
24h plasma		○ AII	O 05	O 06	O 07	○ 08	○ N/A	
24h serum		○ AII	O5	O 06	O 07	○ 08	○ N/A	
48h plasma		○ AII	O9	O 10	O 11	○12	○ N/A	
48h serum		○ AII	O9	O 10	O 11	○12	○ N/A	
48h PAX								
72h plasma		○ AII	○ 13	<u> </u>	<u></u>	○16	○ N/A	
72h serum		○ AII	○13	<u></u>	○15	○16	○ N/A	

Is there any information in regards to sample collection or aliquoting for this specific patient you think it is important for us to know?



30-day Follow-up	
Randomisation no:	
Date of 30-day follow-up	dd-MMM-yyyy
Place of follow-up: At an institution In the home of the patient By telephone By a digital meeting Other, please specify	If "other", please specify:
Participant's current place of residence: Home Hospital Rehabilitation center Nursing home Other, please specify	If "other", please specify:
Modified Rankin Scale (mRS-9Q) Use the separate test sheet with the 9 que information for the mRS score. Use the mF www.modifiedrankin.com for scoring.	,
○ Completed	
Memories at time of cardiac arrest	
When is your last memory prior to the cardia I remember the cardiac arrest Minutes to hours prior to the cardiac 1-2 days prior to the cardiac arrest 3-7 days prior to the cardiac arrest >1 week prior to the cardiac arrest Unknown	



When is your first memory after the cardiac arrest? ○ Around or immediately after the cardiac arrest ○ Minutes to hours after the cardiac arrest ○ 1-2 days after the cardiac arrest 3-7 days after the cardiac arrest ○ >1 week after the cardiac arrest ○ Unknown					
The 30-day follow-up is now complete!					
You may need to ask some additional questhere is no missing item at the questionna	stions for the mRS scoring and check that the ires.				
6-months Follow-up					
Randomisation no:					
Date of 6-months follow-up	dd-MMM-yyyy				
Place of follow-up:					
Does the participant have a native language other than the test language: No Yes	If yes: Do you judge the patient sufficiently good at the test language to complete the tests? No No, and used an authorized interpreter Yes				
Use this sheet to record data during the ϵ STEPCARE trial.	extended 6 months follow-up in the				
Use separate test sheets for mRS					
Prior to follow-up send EQ-5D-5L, Start the questionnaire is completed	e follow-up by checking that this				



Participant characteristics

Tarticipant characteristics
Vhat is the highest education level that you have attained? Based on international standard classification of education by UNESCO.
 No formal education Incomplete primary/lower secondary school Complete primary/lower secondary school may range between 8-11 years. Incomplete upper secondary school Complete upper secondary school may range between 11-13 years Some university-level education, without degree University-level education, with degree
Vhat is your current place of residence?
 At home (living alone) At home (living with others e.g. married) Hospital Rehabilitation center Nursing home Other
Vhat was your occupational status before the cardiac arrest?
 Paid work full-time Paid work part-time (health reasons) Paid work part-time (other reasons) Self-employed (as your own business or farming) Non-paid work (such as volunteer or charity) Student Keeping house/ homemaker Retired (due to age) Unemployed/ retired (health reasons) Unemployed (other reasons)
Other. Specify (free text):



What is your occupational status today (at the time of the follow-up)? Paid work full-time Paid work part-time (health reasons) Paid work part-time (other reasons) Self-employed (as your own business or farming) Non-paid work (such as volunteer or charity) Student Keeping house/ homemaker Retired (due to age) Unemployed/ retired (health reasons) Unemployed (other reasons) Other. Specify (free text): _____ If return to work: When did you return after cardiac arrest? mRS Use the separate test sheet with the 9 questions in your language to obtain information for the mRS score. Use the mRS calculator found at www.modifiedrankin.com for scoring. Use the separate test sheet and instructions in your language. You need a Jamar dynamometer (only physical visit) Completed EO-5D-5L Use the separate test sheet. Completed The follow-up is now complete!

You may need to ask some additional questions for the mRS scoring and check that

there is no missing item at the EQ-5D-5L.